



# Open Standards Approach for Video and Film Archiving and Preservation

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Brian Campanotti  
CTO  
[brian.campanotti@fpdigital.com](mailto:brian.campanotti@fpdigital.com)  
@BrianCTO





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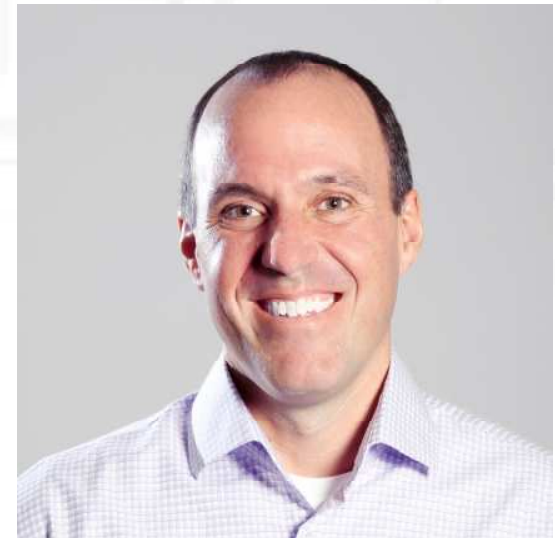
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# Presentation Topics

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- The Importance of Content Storage Management (CSM)
- Preservation Challenges
- Modern Storage Technology Profiles
- The Reality of Storage Migration
- Archive eXchange Format (AXF)
- Clearing up the Confusion – AXF, TAR and LTFS
- AXF Deep Dive, Certified Technologies and Use Cases
- The SMPTE AXF Standard



**Brian Campanotti**  
CTO  
Front Porch Digital  
@BrianCTO



# Content Storage Management (CSM)



# Media Storage and Preservation Challenges

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- The scale of the data is immense – HD, 4k, J2k, etc.
- Many different formats used in many ways in many different workflows (archivists, news, post, etc.)
- End-to-end integration and content accessibility are key – Do not build ANOTHER silo!
- Storage technology choices, migration and scalability



# Media Storage and Preservation Challenges

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- Redundancy and content protection - no assets can be lost and we only want to do this once!
- Complex media assets must be stored as “Objects” not as “Files”
- How can I integrate into my existing systems and workflows?
- Will I be able to “access” my assets decades from now?





## The Real Deal

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- Pick the “right” encoding technologies including codecs and wrappers
- Be mindful of storage generational and technology migrations
- The most important factor to consider is how your data is actually stored!





# Data Storage Technology Landscape

	Oracle T10000D	IBM TS1140	IBM/HP LTO-6	Sony ODA
Native Capacity	8.5 TB	4.0 TB	2.5 TB	1.2TB
Native Sustained Data Rate	252 MBps	250 MBps	160 MBps	35/100 MBps (W/R)
End-to-End Data Protection	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
Buffer Size	2 GB	1 GB	512 MB	None
Connectivity Options	16Gbps FC, FICON 10Gbps FCoE	8 Gbps FC, FICON	8 Gbps FC, 6 Gbps SAS	8 Gbps FC
Number of R/W Channels	32	32	16	4



# The Reality of Storage Technology Migration

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## 10TB in 1998



- Powderhorn with 6,250 slots
- TimberLine 9490EE drives (1.6GB/tape)
- 357 sqft
- 8,200 lbs
- Current media cost of approximately \$32,000 (Ebay)
- Approximately 260 hours to write 10TB of data!

## 10TB in 2014



- A bit more than one single T10000D data tape!
- T10000D technology (8.5TB/tape)
- 0.3 sqft
- 1.2 lbs
- Current media cost of approximately \$280
- Approximately 10 hours to write 10TB of data



# Storage Technology Migration at Scale

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## 10PB in 1998



- 1,000 Powderhorn Libraries
- Approximately 6,000,000 slots/tapes
- Close to 8 acres
- Approximately 4,100 tons

## 10PB in 2014



- One SL3000 Library
- Approximately 1,177 slots/tapes
- 37 sqft
- Approximately 1.5 tons



# How is my Data Actually Stored?

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- Proprietary storage systems and formats are rampant in the industry
  - Silos, data formats, interface protocols
  - High risk of orphaned archives
- Key user and industry requirements for the “ideal” storage and preservation solution
  - No vendor/technology lock-in
  - Limitless scale
  - Support for Media Spanning
  - Encapsulation support for “Complex” Objects
  - Highly resilient format
  - Long-term accessibility – preservation!
  - Storage technology agnostic – not just data tape
  - Metadata encapsulation
  - Asset updating and versioning support
  - Asset transport (media, streaming and file) capabilities
- What choices exist today?



# Tape ARchive Format (TAR)

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- Tape ARchive (TAR) format has been around for many decades
- No true universal TAR implementation but many “customized” ones
- Cases exist where TAR packages cannot be recovered due to home-grown code nuances
- Some archive systems do leverage TAR variants but use is very limited today
- TAR does not support many of the identified user requirements



# Linear Tape File System (LTFS)

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- LTFS is a file system for data tape which makes tapes appear as “removable storage”
- LTFS is targeted at the simple transport and exchange of files between systems
- LTFS does not meet many of the user requirements outlined previously
  - Relies on simple folder hierarchies to maintain asset relationships
  - Application specific in terms of implementation
  - No metadata encapsulation
  - No support for spanning (limited scalability)
  - No preservation features
  - Only applicable to data tape
- LTFS is NOT appropriate for long-term storage and preservation



# Archive eXchange Format (AXF)

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- AXF is a universal standard for the wrapping (encapsulation), storage, transport and preservation of any type of file assets
- AXF is like an advanced ZIP which encapsulates any number of files of any type, metadata and a universal file system – an “object store”
- AXF is IT-centric and applies to all types and generations of storage technologies
- The first open standard targeting the storage, preservation and transport of file assets
- AXF fully defines (and constrains) implementations for increased interoperability
- AXF includes all of the capabilities of LTFS, overcomes its well-known limitations and adds key long-term accessibility, storage and preservation features



# AXF and LTFS Key Feature Comparison

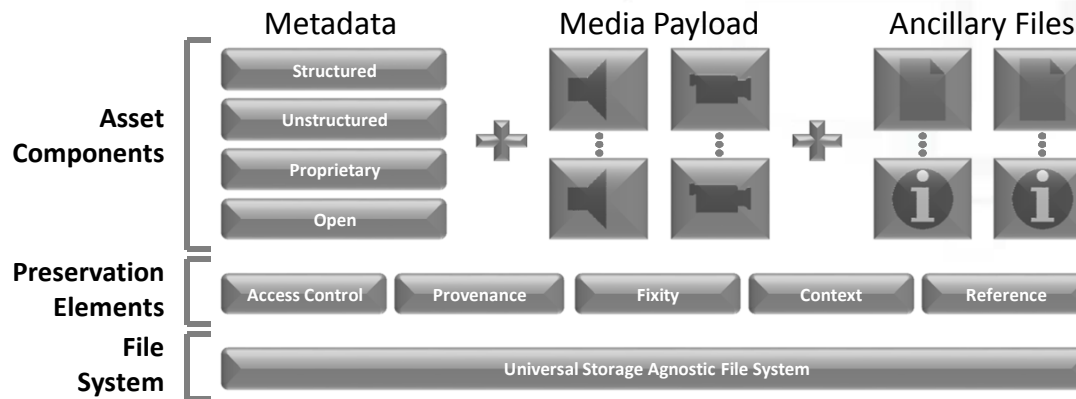
Key Features	AXF	LTFS
IT-centric design applicable to M&E as well as enterprise	✓	✓
Applicable to cloud-based transfers and storage	✓	
Encapsulates (wraps) files and metadata to protect key asset relationships	✓	
Scales to store any number of files of any size and of any type	✓	
Key support for spanning across media (data tape spanning, etc.)	✓	
Universal format regardless of storage technology (disk, flash, data tape, optical, etc.)	✓	
Includes key preservation qualities (provenance, fixity, access control, etc.)	✓	
Self-Describing Media: Maintains on-media index of all stored objects	✓	✓
Self-Describing Objects: Maintains in-object index of all stored files	✓	
Each object and file is individually indexed for enhanced recoverability	✓	✓
Supports any generation of data storage technology (LTO, Oracle T10000X, ODA, Flash, etc.)	✓	
Stand alone applications/drivers allowing for cross-system and cross-platform access	✓	✓
File and Object versioning support	✓	





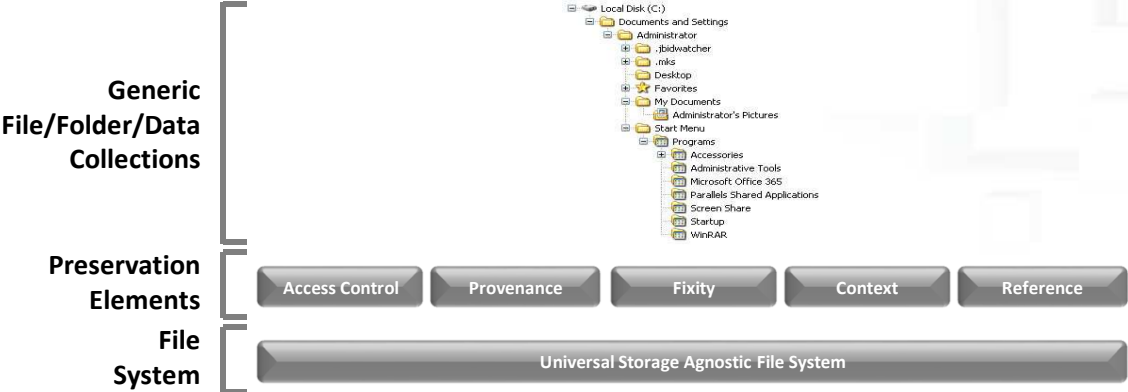


# AXF in Media and Entertainment





# AXF in Big Data Archiving

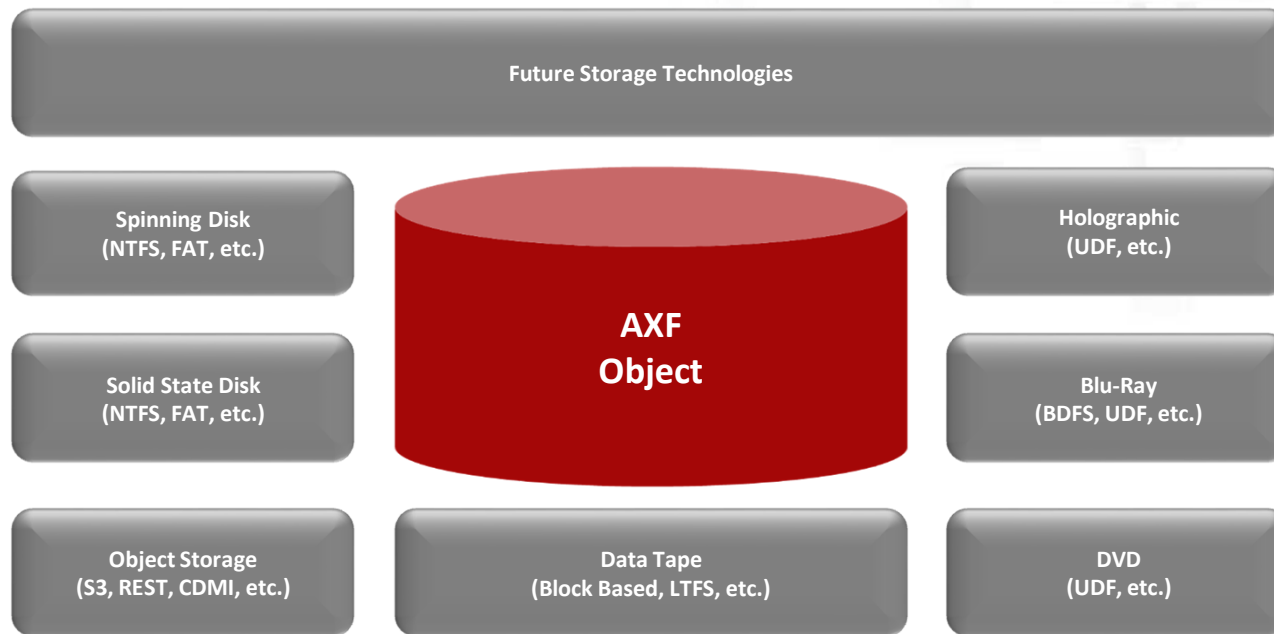


AXF Object



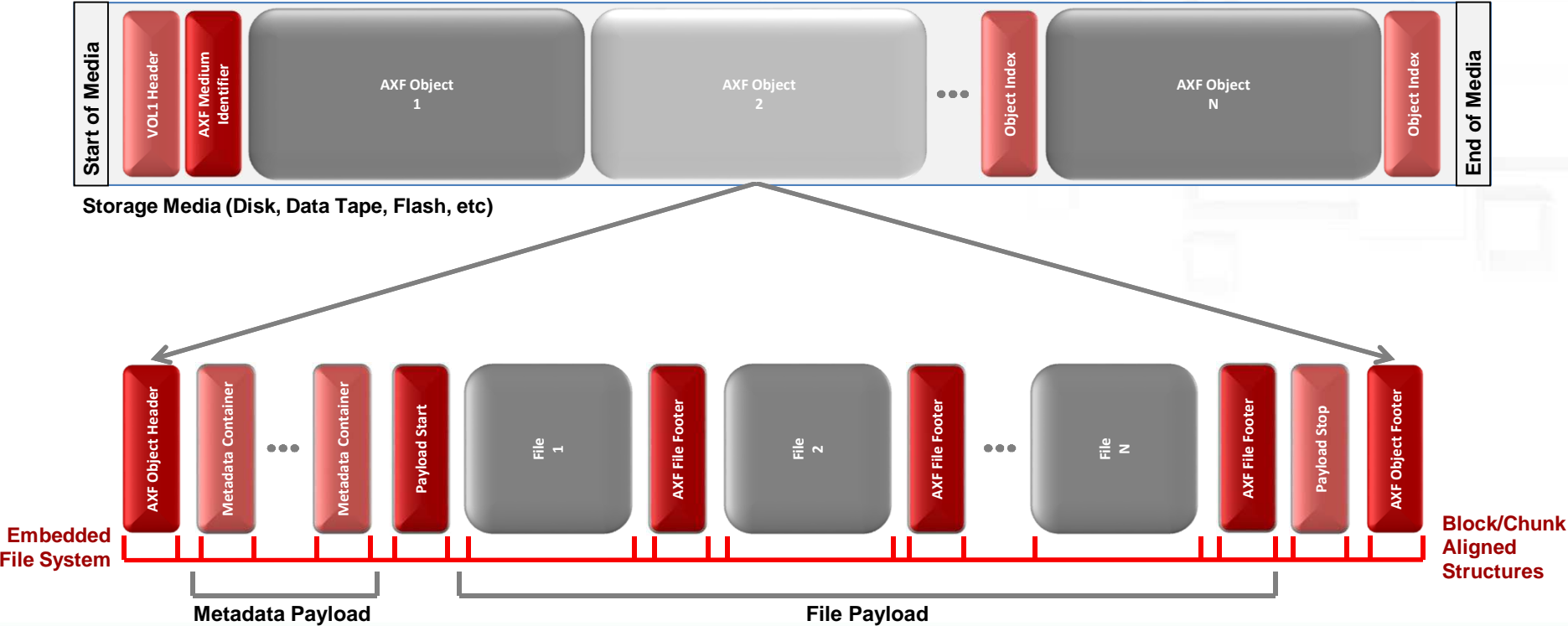


# AXF is a Universal Format



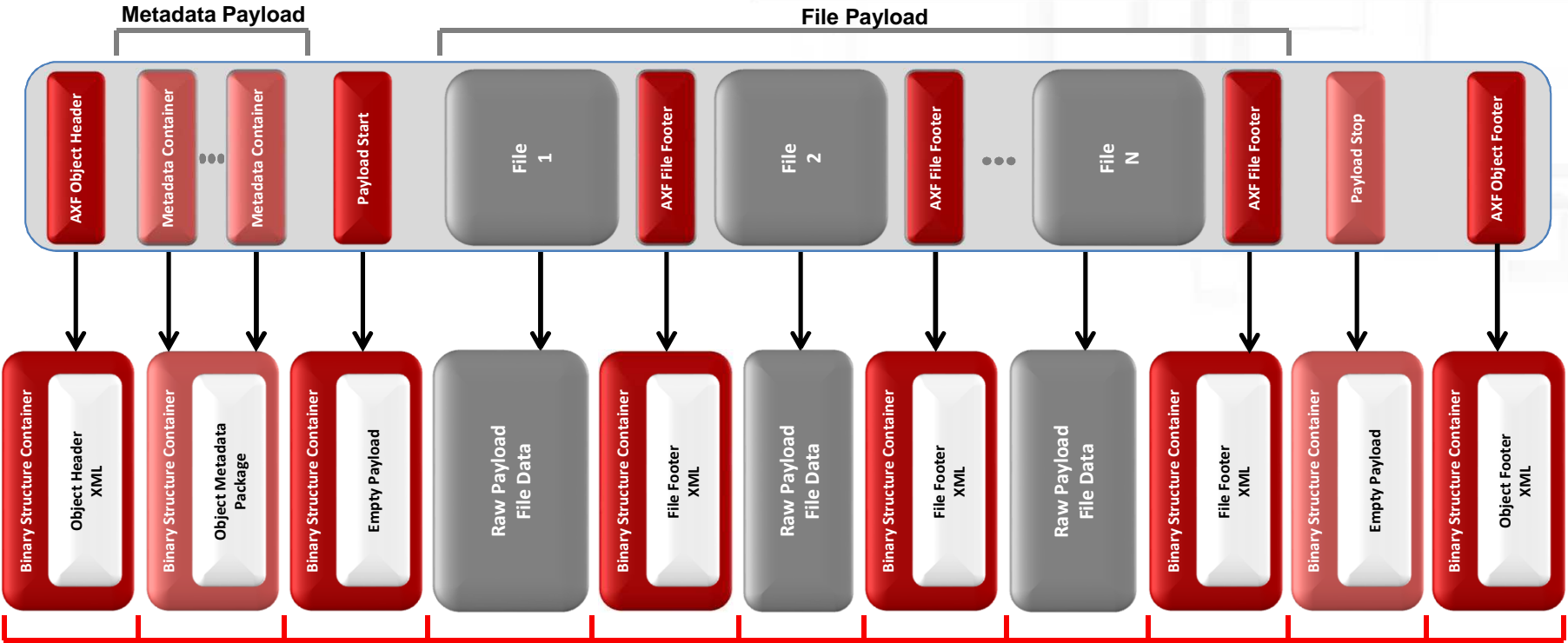


# AXF Structural Overview





# Inside an AXF Object





# On-the-Fly AXF Object Construction



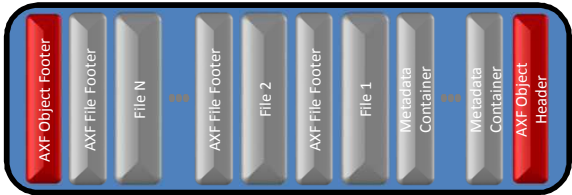
File Collection



Metadata



Provenance Information



AXF Object



Archive



Cloud

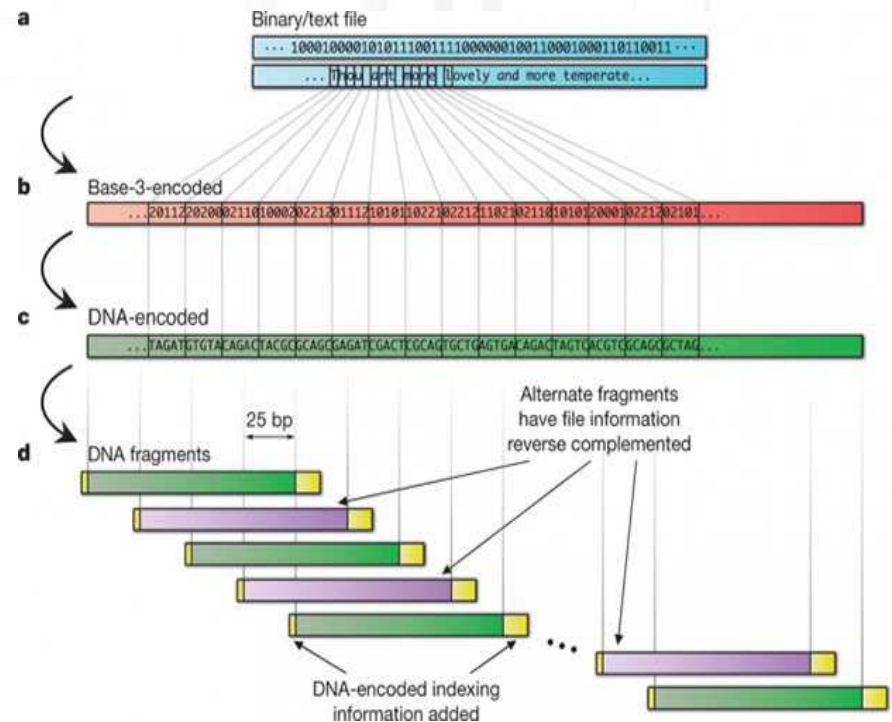


Disk, Flash and ???



# On the Horizon: DNA Based Storage

- Ground breaking research at the European Bioinformatics Institute
- Data encoded using DNA's bases A, T, C and G
- Projected shelf life in the 10,000+ year range
- 2PB of data storage per gram of DNA material
- First trials were able to independently encode and decode several file-based payloads
- AXF will work here too!



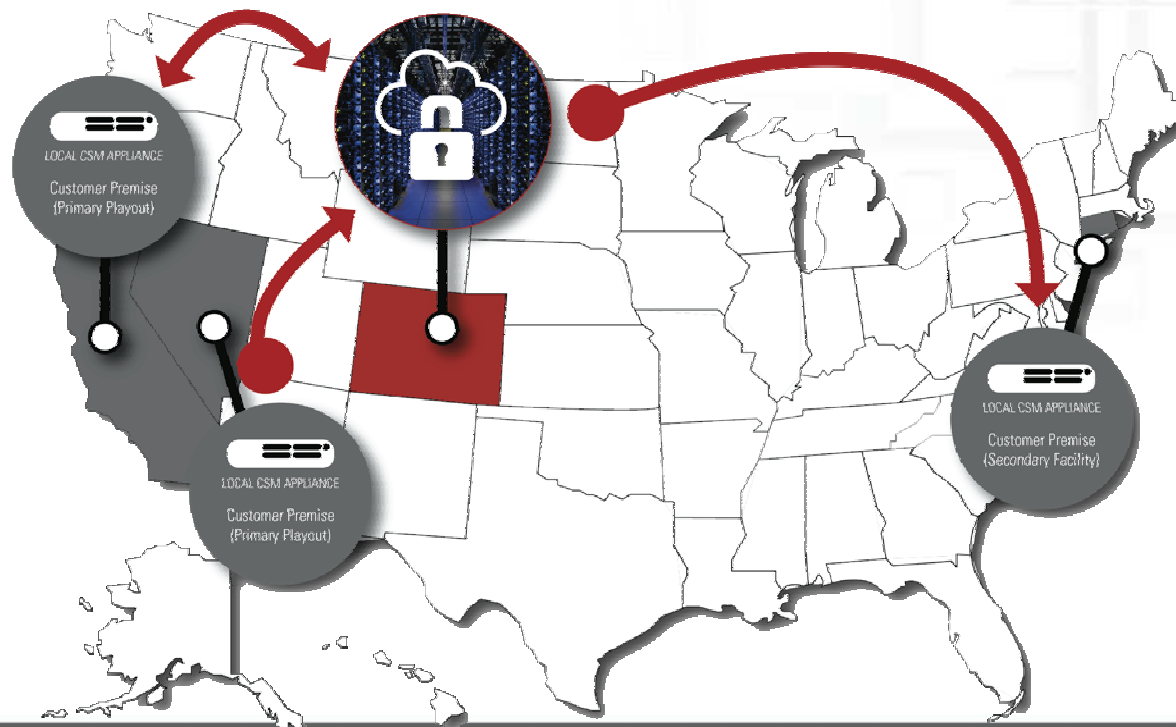


# AXF Certified Technologies





# AXF for Content Transport and Cloud Storage






# SMPTE AXF Standard

- Society of Motion Picture and Television Engineers recently published the AXF Part 1 Standard **SMPTE ST 2034-1:2014**
- AXF has been deployed in the industry for more than three years with more than 25 organizations around the world using it today!
- Visit [OpenAXF.org](http://OpenAXF.org) for more info

SMPTE ST 2034-1:2014

**SMPTE STANDARD**

Archive eXchange Format (AXF) —   
Part 1: Structure & Semantics

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5100 Avenue of the Stars, Suite 1900  
Beverly Hills, CA 90210  
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# DEFINE THE MARKET

Brian Campanotti  
Chief Technology Officer  
Front Porch Digital  
brian.campanotti@fpdigital.com  
@BrianCTO



FRONT PORCH DIGITAL  
fpdigital.com